

Pharmacist



What do they do?

Pharmacists are responsible for filling prescriptions and advising a patient how to use them safely. They must be able to identify and avoid dangerous combinations of medications. Their job requires a great deal of accuracy.

A large part of a Pharmacist's job is to advise and educate patients and families regarding safe use and potential side effects of the medications that have been prescribed.

Where do they work?

The majority of Pharmacists work in pharmacies and drug stores, or in hospitals. They are typically on their feet for most of the day.

Pay:

According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, the average yearly income for Pharmacists is \$128,710.



Education:

A bachelor's of science degree in pharmacology & toxicology allows graduates to work in chemical, biotechnical and pharmaceutical industries. A doctorate of pharmacy (Pharm.D.) is required to become a licensed Pharmacist.

Pharmacy training in Madison:

UW-Madison carries both B.S. and Pharm.D. programs: www.pharmacy.wisc.edu

UW-Madison also offers a pre-professional program for Pharmacy: www.prehealth.wisc.edu

High School students interested in pharmacy should take classes in biology, anatomy & physiology, chemistry, physics, foreign language, math and statistics.

Accreditation:

Education programs for pharmacy are accredited by the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education.

www.acpe-accredit.org



Professional Associations:

Pharmacists can choose to join any of the following professional associations:

American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy (AACCP):

www.aacp.org



American Pharmacists Association:

www.pharmacist.com



Pharmacy Society of Wisconsin:

www.pswi.org



Registry & License:

Graduates of an accredited pharmacy program must pass two exams before they can work as a Registered Pharmacist (RPh). Both are administered by the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy (NABP).

<http://www.nabp.net>

The North American Pharmacist Licensure Examination (NAPLEX) measures the candidate's knowledge of pharmacy practice. The Multistate Pharmacy Jurisprudence Examination (MPJE) tests the candidate's knowledge of pharmacy law.

At the state level, Pharmacists must become licensed through the Wisconsin Department of Safety and Professional Services.

www.dsps.wi.gov/HOME



Specializations:

UW-Madison also offers training in the following specialties:

- PharmD + Masters of Public Health (dual-degree)
- Community Pharmacy Residency Program
- Pharmaceutical Sciences (PhD)
- Social & Administrative Sciences in Pharmacy (MS, PhD)
- Health System Pharmacy Administration (MS)

Additional Certificate Options:

- Consumer Health Advocacy
- Clinical and Translational Research
- Global Health
- Patient Safety

Learn more at: <http://www.pharmacy.wisc.edu/education>

Job Outlook:

According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, employment for Pharmacists is expected to decline 2 percent between 2020-2030.

Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, *Occupational Outlook Handbook*, Pharmacists, www.bls.gov/ooh/healthcare/pharmacists.htm (visited September 08, 2021).

